



## Clarification of the Facts

# Conflict Situation along the Thai – Cambodian Border

**1 August 2025** 

# Topics



Sequence of Events and Facts

**Current Situation** 

**Cambodian Disinformation** 



## Sequence of Events and Facts

**Current Situation** 

Addressing Misinformation

### Timeline of escalation

### **13 FEBRUARY 2025**

Cambodian protest at Prasat Ta Muen Thom

#### 23-28 FEBRUARY 2025

Cambodian troops clear roads in the Sam Yaek Lao area

#### 15-25 MARCH 2025

Cambodian troops constructed road to Phnom Prasitthi hilltop, opposite the Thai Khao Sattasom position & began heavily fortifying base.

#### 7-22 APRIL 2025

Thai troops clear & built new road straddling the border near Prasat Ta Muen Thom, from the temple to road junction

#### 18 MAY 2025

Thai troops in Chong Bok discover fortifications being dug overlapping claims area near Hill 745, Cambodian troops pulled back upon request.

#### 28 MAY 2025

Thai soldiers approached Cambodian troops digging fortifications, a brief exchange of fire killed 1 Cambodian Officer.

### 29-30 MAY 2025

Cambodian forces
mobilised troops & major
artillery towards the
border.

### 3-5 JUNE 2025

Cambodian troops moved towards the Emerald Triangle Sector. Thailand advances in kind.

#### 14-18 JUNE 2025

Cambodia mobilises longrange assets to the border. Phone call between Hun Sen and PM Paetongtarn leaked.

### 23 -25 JUNE 2025

Trade restrictions and cross-border closures imposed. Cambodia sends heavy munitions to Preah Vihear & Oddar Meanchey provinces.

#### 1-10 JULY 2025

Over 300 landmines allegedly planted by Cambodian troops.

#### 15 JULY 2025

Two unexploded landmines located by Thai patrol in Chong Bok.

#### 16-23 JULY 2025

8 Thai soldiers injured by two separate landmine incidents.

#### 24 JULY 2025

Conflict breaks out. Artillery & rockets fired from Cambodia.
Thailand deploys F-16s

### 25-28 JULY 2025

Approximately 300,000 people displaced on both sides. Over 35 people killed and several injured in cross fire.

#### 28 JULY 2025

Thailand & Cambodia agree to a ceasefire.

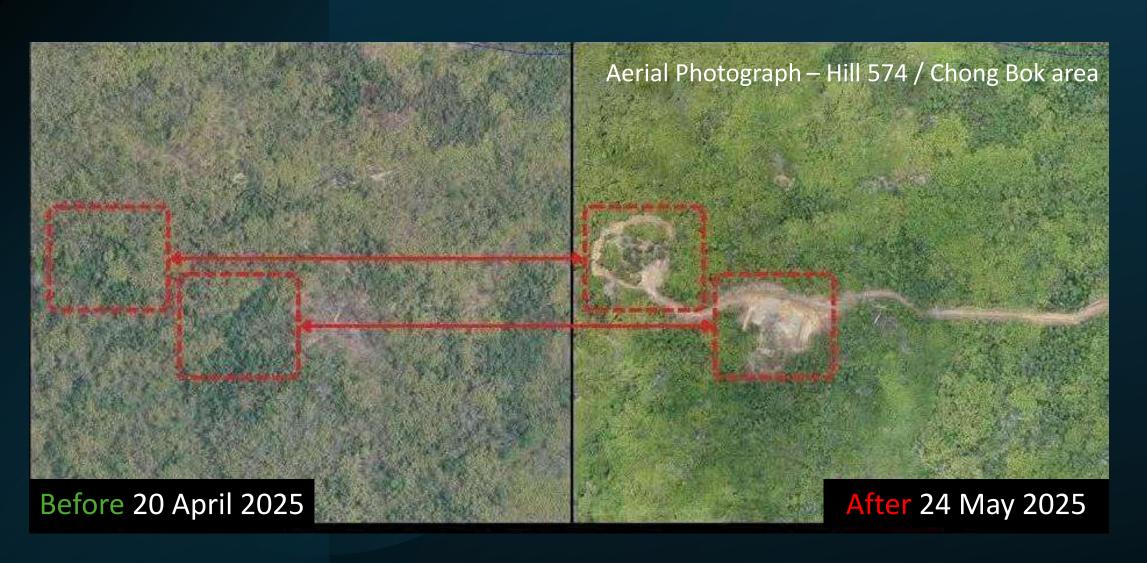
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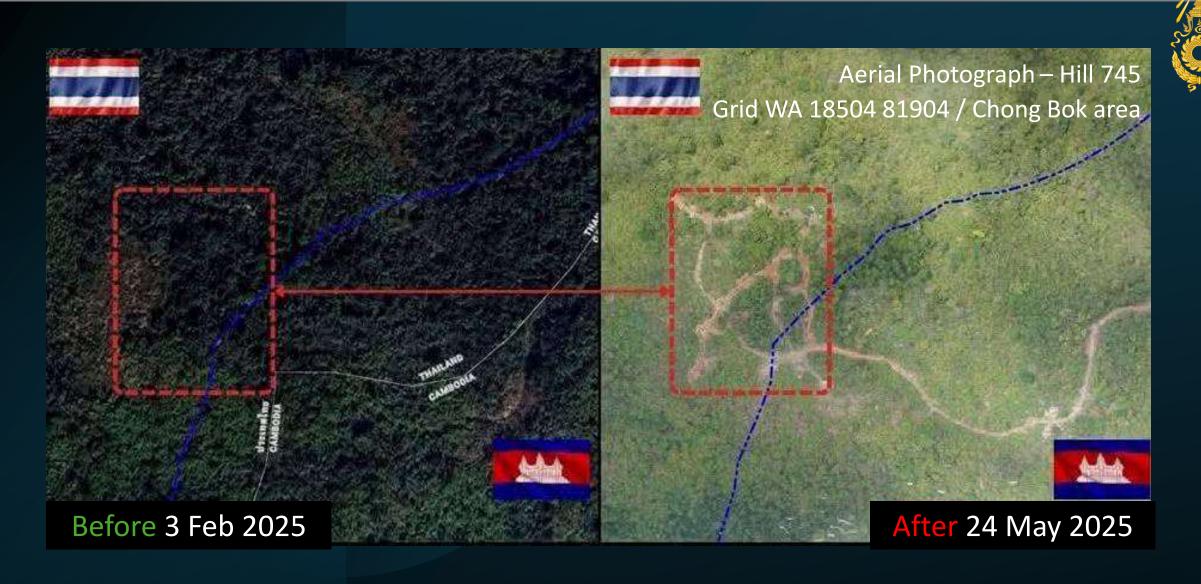


## Area development of the Thai-Cambodian border area at Chong Bok





## Area development of the Thai-Cambodian border area at Chong Bok



## Area development – Cambodia built trench and bunker









Cambodia encroached upon Thai territory by building trenches and deploying forces









## A heatmap of Cambodian military activity between 28 May to 24 July





A S P I

AUSTRALIAN

STRATEGIC

POLICY
INSTITUTE



Nathan Ruser
Analyze – Cyber, Technology and Security program
(Australian Strategic Policy Institute : ASPI)



Thai soldiers from Infantry Company 6021 were wounded by an anti-personnel mine while conducting a routine patrol in Chong Bok area. One soldier suffered a traumatic amputation.



Photographic evidence confirms that Cambodian soldiers have deployed PMN-2 anti-personnel mines in the area.









Cambodia has attempted to provoke by mobilizing Cambodian civilians into the area to carry out content-creation activities and express actions intended to incite Thai civilians and military personnel in the area.





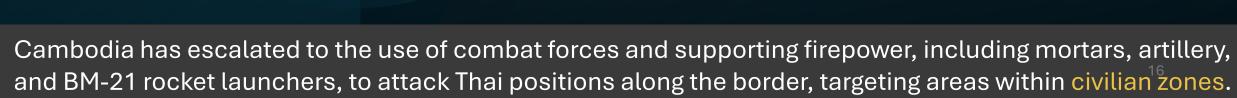


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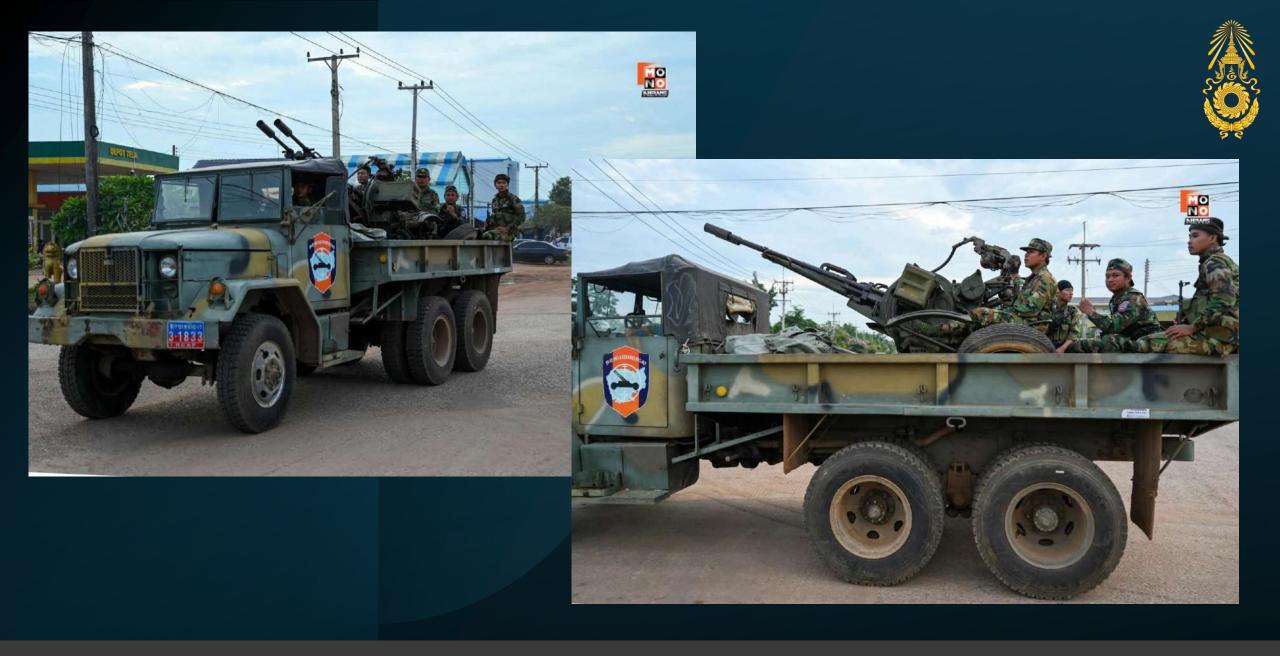












Cambodia has escalated to the use of combat forces and supporting firepower, including mortars, artillery, and BM-21 rocket launchers, to attack Thai positions along the border, targeting areas within civilian zones.



















Cambodia has targeted Thai civilian areas, including shops, hospitals, and residential homes







## Cambodia fired BM-21 at 7-11 (Si Sa Ket, Thailand) on 24 July 25, 1100

A powerful explosion took place. Many people died and injured including children









Cambodia has targeted Thai civilian areas, including shops, hospitals, and residential homes











A total of 15 Thai civilians were killed (including 2 children) and 36 injured during five days of clashes along the Thai-Cambodian border.

### **Charter of the United Nations**

Chapter VII — Action with respect to Threats to the Peace, Breaches of the Peace, and Acts of Aggression Article 51



"Nothing in the present Charter shall impair the inherent right of individual or collective self-defence if an armed attack occurs against a Member of the United Nations, until the Security Council has taken measures necessary to maintain international peace and security. Measures taken by Members in the exercise of this right of self-defence shall be immediately reported to the Security Council and shall not in any way affect the authority and responsibility of the Security Council under the present Charter to take at any time such action as it deems necessary in order to maintain or restore international peace and security."



Thailand's response has been lawful, based on necessity and proportionality, aimed at deterring threats and protecting civilians. All actions have focused on preserving national sovereignty without any intent of aggression.

Thailand has strictly limited its operations to military targets. In contrast, Cambodia has carried out indiscriminate attacks. These actions have resulted in civilian casualties on the Thai side. Thailand urges a return to responsible and lawful conduct.



The Cambodian Army is using refugees from the border area as human shields.

They are moving their Grad MLRS systems into position by taking cover among civilians, hoping it will keep the Thai Air Force from striking them.







Cambodia used civilians as human shields to carry out attacks against Thailand









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## **Current Situation**

Addressing Misinformation

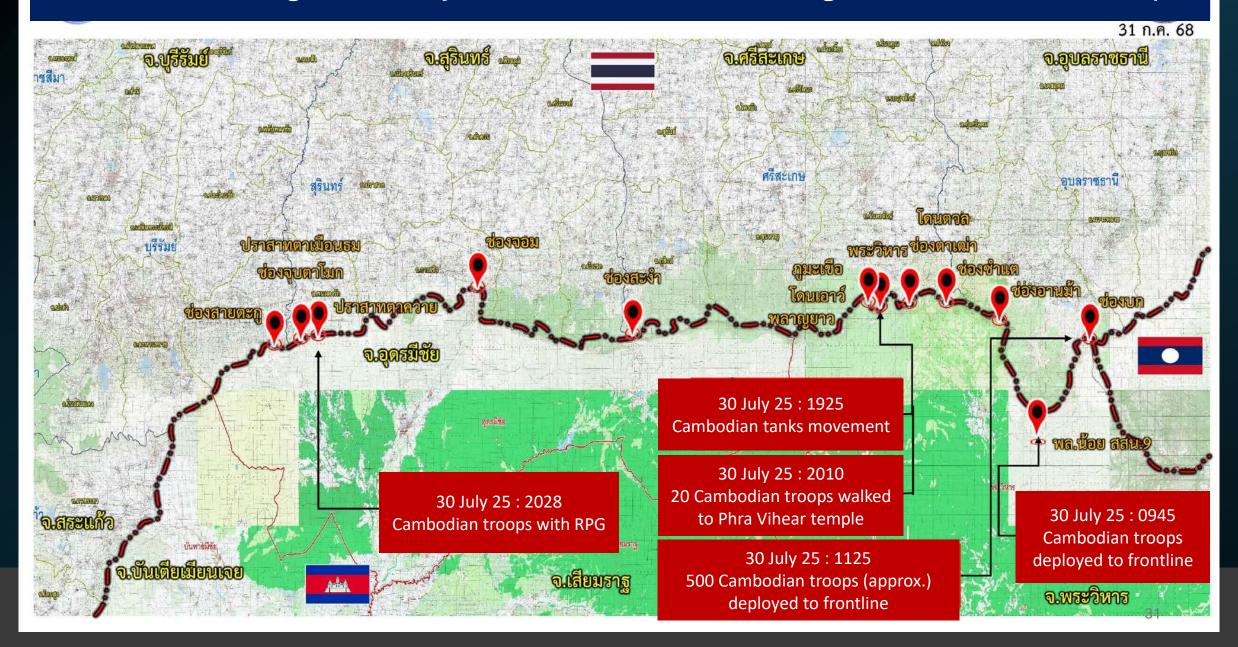


### The Cambodian side's violation of the ceasefire following the negotiation



31 ก.ค. 68 จ.อุบอราชธานี ศรีสะเกษ 29 July 25: 0525 Cambodia fired rifle, mortar, tank ปราสาทตาเมื่อนธม ชองสายตะก 29 July 25:0900 29 July 25:0500 Cambodia fired rifle 29 July 25: 0745 Cambodia fired rifle Cambodia fired mortar 29 July 25:0030 29 July 25: 1000 Cambodia used drones Cambodia used to attack Thai forces 29 July 25:0730 29 July 25: 0750 hand grenade Cambodia fired rifle Cambodia fired rifle and mortar 29 July 25: 2130 Cambodia fired rifle and 30 July 25:0517 จ.ขันเตียเมียนเจย 29 July 25: 0754 automatic rifle Cambodia fired mortar Cambodia fired rifle

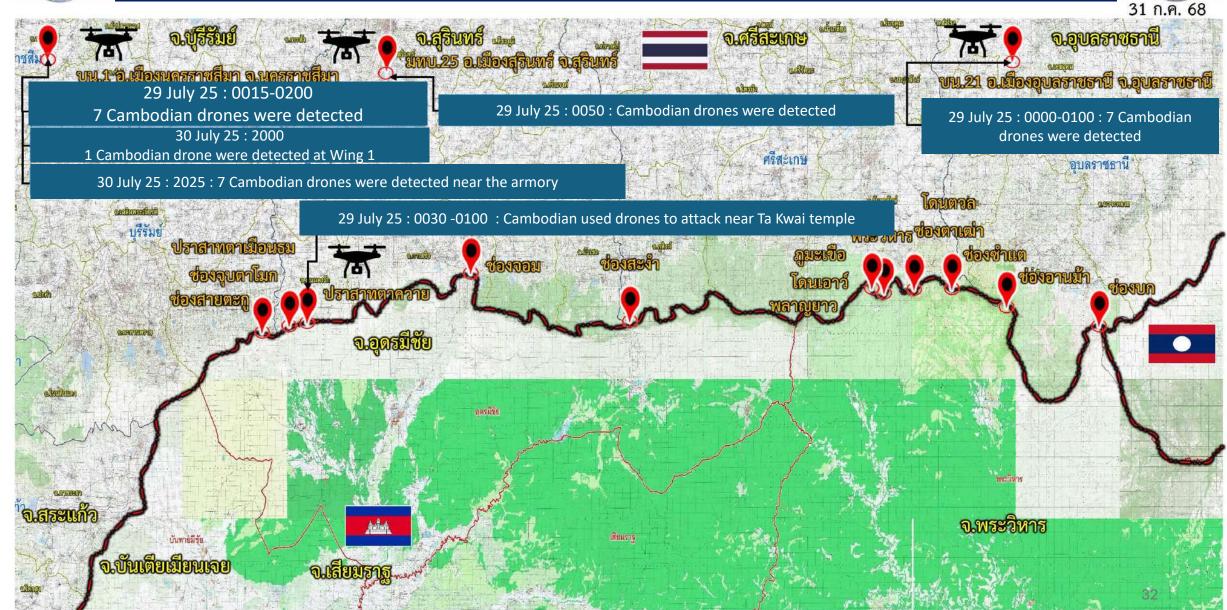
## Violation of the agreement by the Cambodian side through reinforcement of troops





## Cambodian activities in the Thai territory following the negotiation







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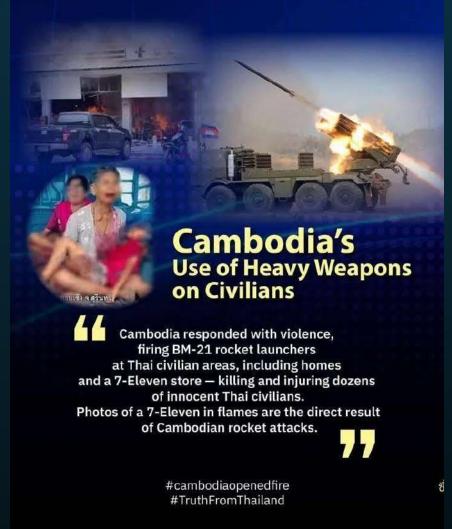
## **Current Situation**

## **Cambodian Disinformation**

# Cambodia accuses Thailand of aggression, violating the UN Charter, and undermining its sovereignty and territorial integrity.







## Cambodia falsely accuses Thailand of Chemical Attack







Cambodia has accused Thailand of using chemical weapons. A distorted image alleging Thai troops deployed toxic gas has been widely shared on Cambodian social media—even by Pich Chanmony, wife of Cambodian Prime Minister Hun Manet. However, the image actually shows chemical agents being used to fight the Palisades Fire in Los Angeles, USA, on January 11, 2025.

Ringo Chiu | Reuters

# Cambodia accuses Thailand of using heavy weapons for destructive purposes





Our proportionate response used weapons solely to counter Cambodian incursions on military targets at the border, not as an offensive.

Cambodia, however, deployed forces and fired from civilian areas, using communities as "human shields"—a grave violation of International Humanitarian Law.



## Addressing Disinformation Regarding Explosives





Cambodia's disseminated images show explosive ordnance from a former conflict zone (1970–1973), likely linked to U.S. bombing during the Vietnam War. The munitions do not match Thai military ordnance.

The nearly 1-ton bomb shown could not realistically rest at shallow depth in loose soil if undetonated.

Physics suggests it would bury deep or cause massive surface damage.

The evidence appears fabricated with intent to falsely implicate Thailand.

## On July 30, 2025 – Cambodia invited military attachés to a combat zone





The Cambodian side invited foreign military attachés stationed in Cambodia to inspect a combat zone located 30 kilometers from the border. However, Cambodia abruptly changed its plan, redirecting the delegation to the Chong An Ma area — a dangerous combat zone

Thailand condemns this act and urges Cambodia to stop spreading false, inflammatory accusations. We call for sincere dialogue and cooperation to peacefully de-escalate the border situation.



The Royal Thai Armed Forces stress that the recent clashes were initiated by Cambodia, which used long-range weapons against Thai civilian targets, causing severe harm. Despite a negotiated ceasefire, Cambodia has repeatedly violated the agreement.

Additionally, it has spread disinformation to distort the situation. Thailand urges the international community to observe the situation objectively and support bilateral negotiations to achieve a peaceful resolution.



